

Geometric construction of Kashiwara crystals on multiparameter persistence

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Content

1. Irreducible decompositions of varieties of multi-persistence
(not indecomposable decomposition)
2. Show good combinatorial/geometric properties on irreducible decomposition, called Kashiwara crystal

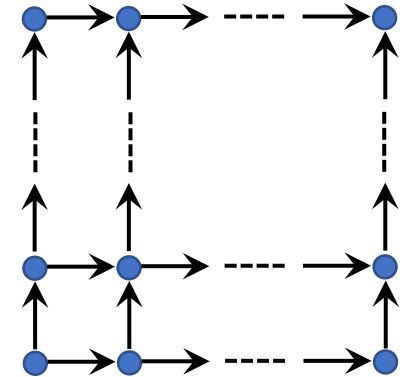
Today's talk is more focused on geometric representation theory than on persistence theory

Multi-parameter persistence

- 2-parameter persistence module

rep on a bound quiver

: commutative relations



(Krull-Schmidt) : indecomposable,

- Problem: is too big (containing non-intervals w/ continuous parameters), i.e., indecomposable decomposition (KS) is too fine a classification to characterize multi-parameter persistence.
- One approach: interval approximation, generalized persistence, signed barcode (Asashiba et al, Kim-Mémoli, Botnan-Oppermann-Oudot)

Representation variety

- Dimension vector
- Representation variety
(affine algebraic variety)

polynomial

Ex)

Here,

quadratic polynomials

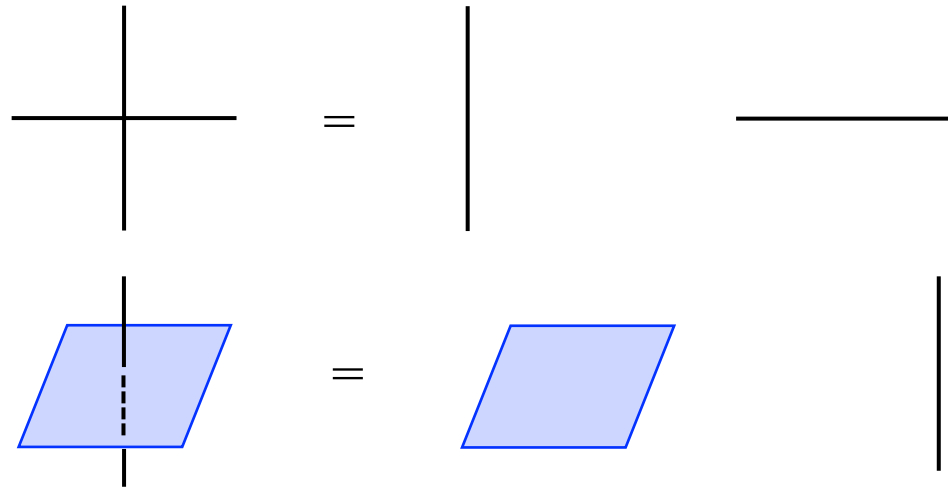
- Group acts on (as changes of bases)

e.g., Carlsson & Zomorodian (2009) study classification & parameterization of multi-persistence by applying [geometric invariant theory](#) to under this group action.

Irreducible decomposition

- A nonempty algebraic set V is **irreducible** if it cannot be written as the union of two proper algebraic subsets, i.e., if $V = V_1 \cup V_2$ by algebraic sets implies $V_1 = V$ or $V_2 = V$.
- **Irreducible decomposition**: Every algebraic set V can be uniquely expressed as $V = V_1 \cup \dots \cup V_r$ (finite union) where V_i are irreducible and $V_i \not\subset V_j$ for $i \neq j$. Each V_i is called an **irreducible component**.

Ex)



- $\text{Irr}(V)$: The set of all irreducible components in V .
- The main result of this talk shows a combinatorial structure (**Kashiwara crystal**) on $\text{Irr}(V)$.

Kashiwara crystal

Q : A bound quiver, G : undirected graph of Q , A : adjacent matrix of G

- A generalized Cartan matrix C , n : # of vertices
- Root data of $\mathfrak{g}$
 - V : complex vector space, α_i (α_i : simple root)
 - α_i are linearly independent α_i - α_j

 weight lattice

- A Kashiwara crystal is a datum (crystal basis)

Kashiwara operators

for b such that

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Remark on geometric representation theory

- quiver Cartan matrix Lie algebra
 quantum group

- quiver Ringel-Hall algebra over (with)

[]

Theorem 1 (Ringel): for

Theorem 2 (Lusztig): for arbitrary and

: Grothendieck group of a category of [perverse sheaves of a rep variety](#) (i.e., geometric generalization of Theorem 1)

- quiver Kashiwara crystal

- quiver double quiver rep variety (under preprojective relations)
 the set of irr components of ,

Theorem 3 (Kashiwara-Saito): (i.e., geometric construction of the crystal)

Kashiwara crystal of

#1. Can we construct a crystal of $\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{a})$ on $\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{a})$ in a similar way to Kashiwara-Saito?
(Do irr. decompositions in multi-persistence have good combinatorial structures?)

Note: Not preprojective relations, but commutative relations

#2. Can we construct a quantum group of $U_q(\mathfrak{g})$ which gives $\mathcal{A}(\mathbf{a})$ as its crystal?

Main result (answer to #1)

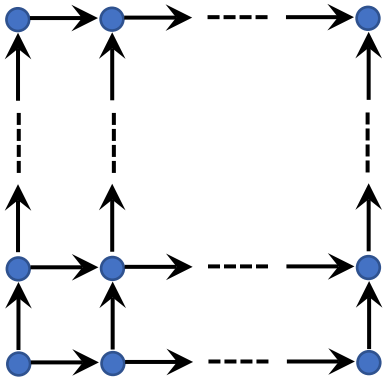
, dimension vectors

•

- (1) short exact for
- (2)
- (3) for

i.e., the moduli variety of all extensions of persistence modules

• For , the Kashiwara operators are defined by



Theorem (H. and Yahiro, [arXiv:2504.14844](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.14844)): give a Kashiwara crystal.

Kashiwara crystal of 1-parameter persistence

- For each λ , $V(\lambda)$ is a vector space, hence irreducible.

Theorem:

Intuition of $\mathcal{K}$:

- Given a generic λ , we study whether we can construct the left comm. diagram.
- $\mathcal{K}(\lambda)$ is a vector space, hence 0.
- For λ , $\mathcal{K}(\lambda)$ is a vector space, hence 0.
- For λ , $\mathcal{K}(\lambda)$ is a vector space, hence 0.

Irreducible components of 2 x 2 persistence

Prop: For

,

.

For

,

.

Theorem:

Intuition of the Kashiwara operators in 2 x 2 persistence

- Generic rep of $\mathcal{A}$: $\mathcal{A}^{\text{gen}}$,

- $\mathcal{A}^{\text{gen}}$:



generic rep



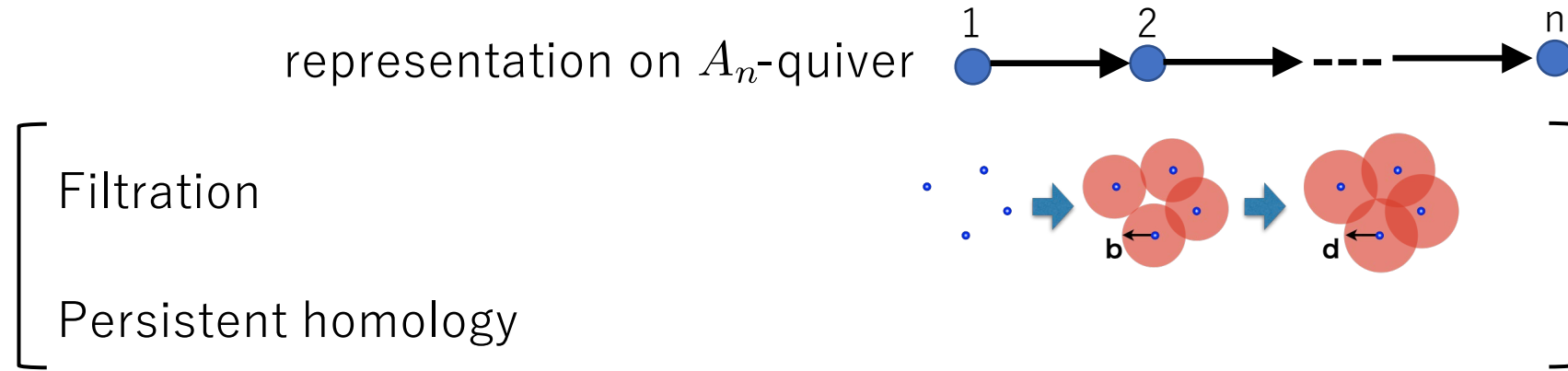
Future work

- Can we construct a quantum group of multi-persistence?
 - quantum group of the bound quiver giving the Kashiwara crystal
- From representation variety to indecomposable decompositions of multi-persistence
 - geometric characterization of interval approximations?
- Assign (generic) invariants as irreducible components
 - discriminative power
 - crystal graph and stability

Thank you!

1-parameter persistence

- 1-parameter persistence module:



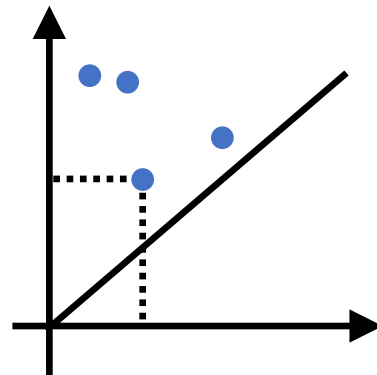
(Krull-Schmidt) : indecomposable,

(Gabriel)

$$I[b, d] : 0 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow 0 \xrightarrow{\text{at } b} \mathbb{k} \rightarrow \cdots \xrightarrow{\text{at } d} \mathbb{k} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow 0$$

expresses the birth & death of a generator

- Persistence diagram:



Remark on Kashiwara crystal

- Cartan matrix Lie algebra universal enveloping algebra (over $\mathbb{C}$)
 quantum group (over $\mathbb{C}$)

- A crystal basis (Kashiwara crystal) of an integrable weight module

def 

1. $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -submodule of V generates V over $\mathcal{B}$
2. $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -basis of V
3. $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -basis of V for $\mathcal{B}$
4. $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -basis of V iff $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -basis of V
5. $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -basis of V iff $\mathcal{B}$ is a $\mathcal{B}$ -basis of V

can be viewed as a basis of $\mathcal{C}_n$ at λ

Character formula:

- $V(\lambda)$: the irr. highest weight λ -module, v_λ : the highest weight vector



is a (unique) crystal basis

- is a crystal basis of

Intuition of the Kashiwara operators in 2 x 2 persistence

- Generic rep of $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$: $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$,

- $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$:

generic rep



not generic rep

